



Migration in Estonia

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Demography and social aspects

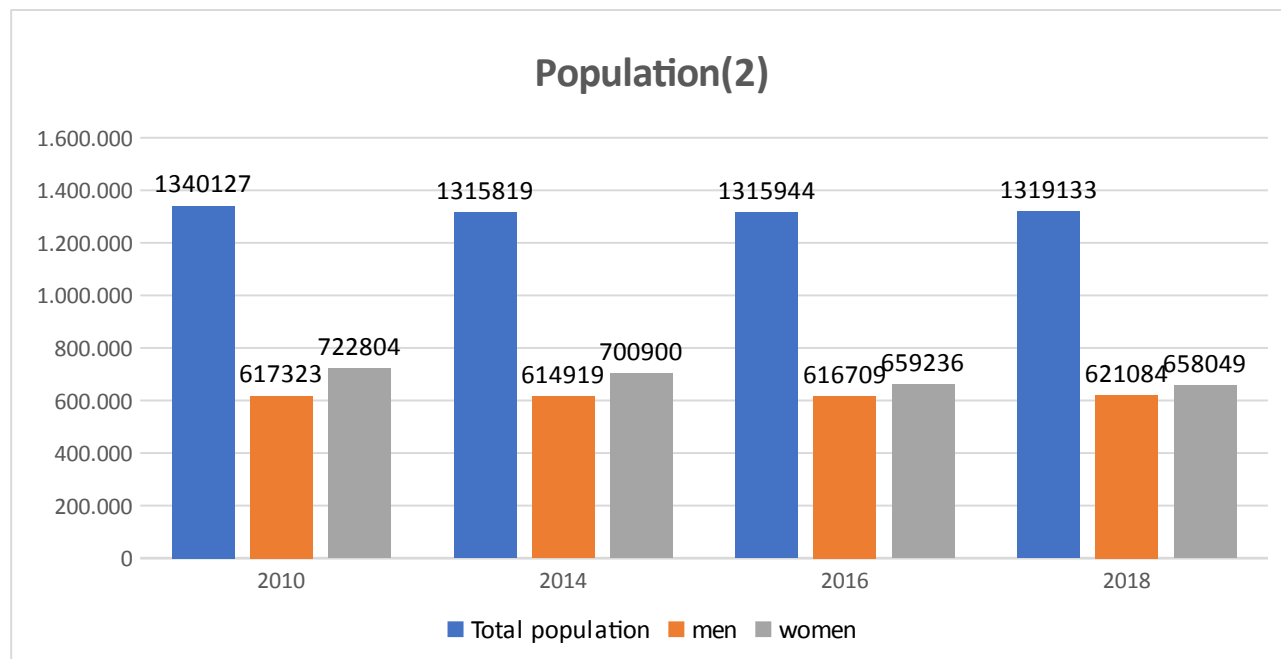
Population (1)

Years	Millions of people
2010	1.340.000
2014	1.316.000
2016	1.316.000
2017	1.316.000
2018	1.319.401

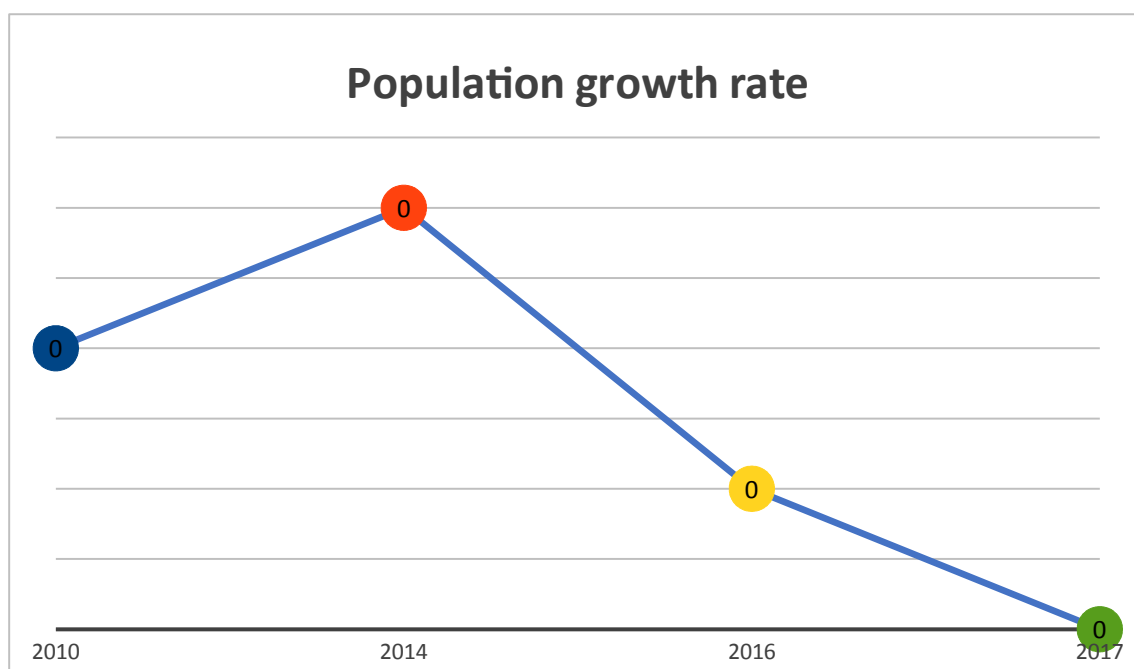
In 2010 the population of Estonia was of 1.340.000 of people.
For 3 years (2014-2016-2017) the level of population was the same.
In 2018 the population was of 1.302.401
In the table we can see that population decrease from 2010 to 2018



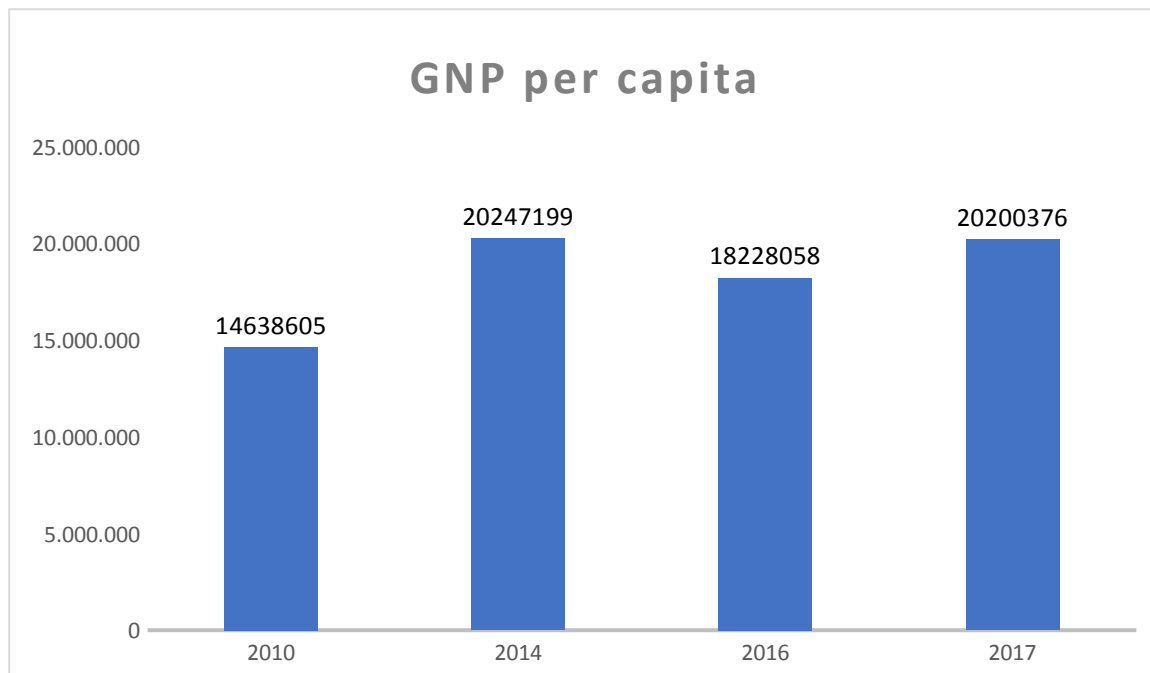
Population (2)



In the graphic, in addition to the total population level, we can see the division between men and women over the 4 years.
Women were over of men.



Population growth rate is the rate at which the number of individuals in a population increases over a given period of time as a fraction of the initial population. In the graphic we can observe a growth from 2010 to 2014 and a decrease from 2014 to 2017.



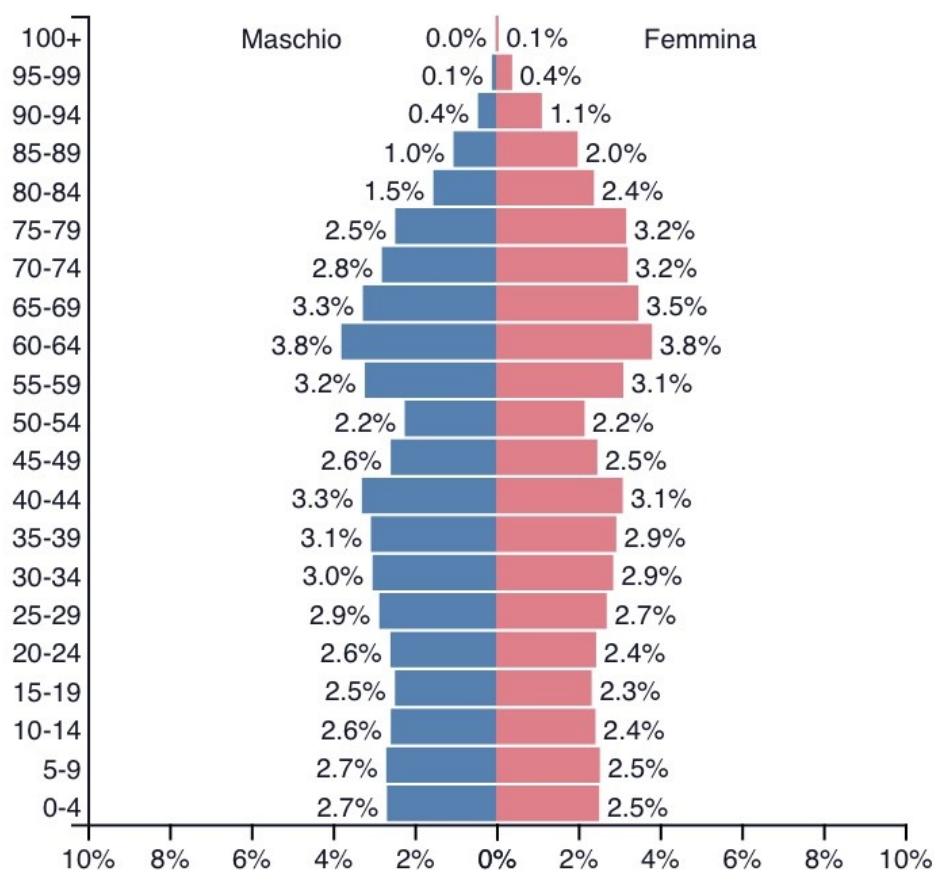
GNP per capita is the total value of all goods and services produced by a country in a particular years, dived by the number of people living there.

In Estonia there was :

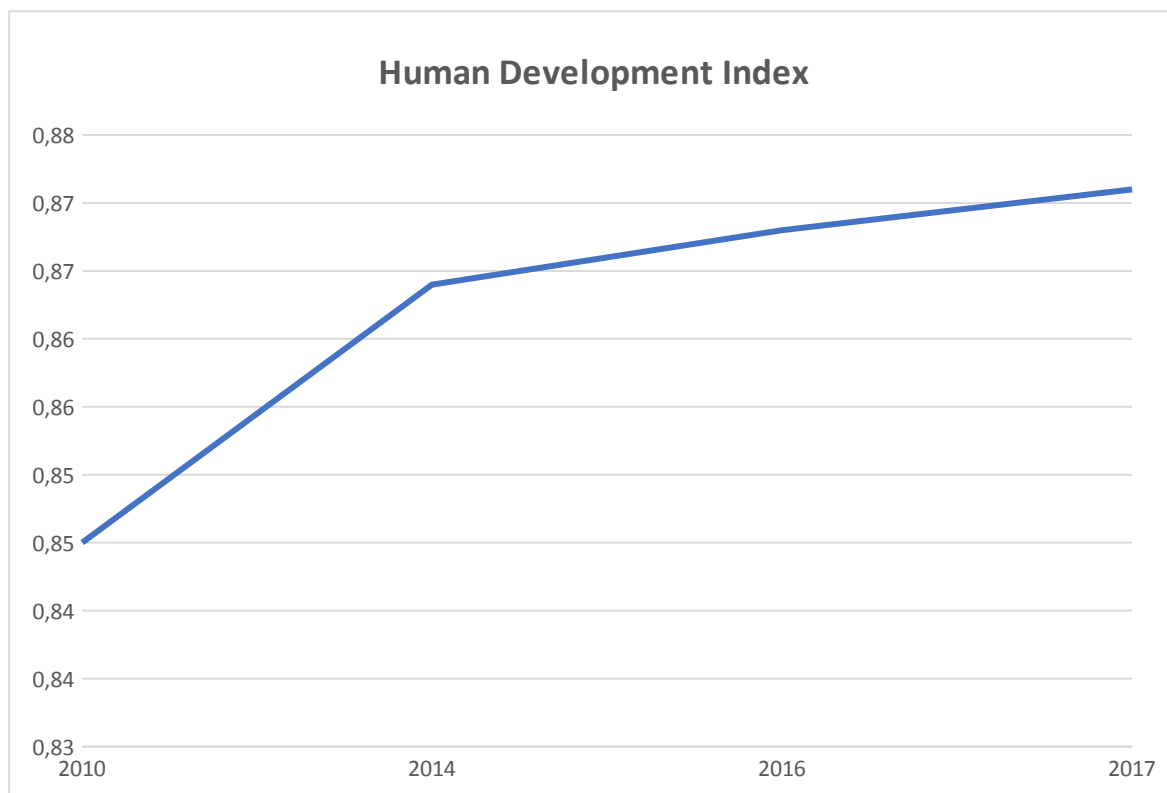
- An increase from 2010(14.638.605) to 2014(20.247.199);
- A decrease from 2014(20.247.199) to 2016(18.228.058);
- An increase from 2016(18.228.058) to 2017(20.200.376).



Population 2050
Total 1,129,047



The prevision for 2050 is that population will decrease from 1.302.401(2018) to 2050. The major percentage will be 3.8%(60-64) and 3.5%(65-69%). This mean that population will ageing.



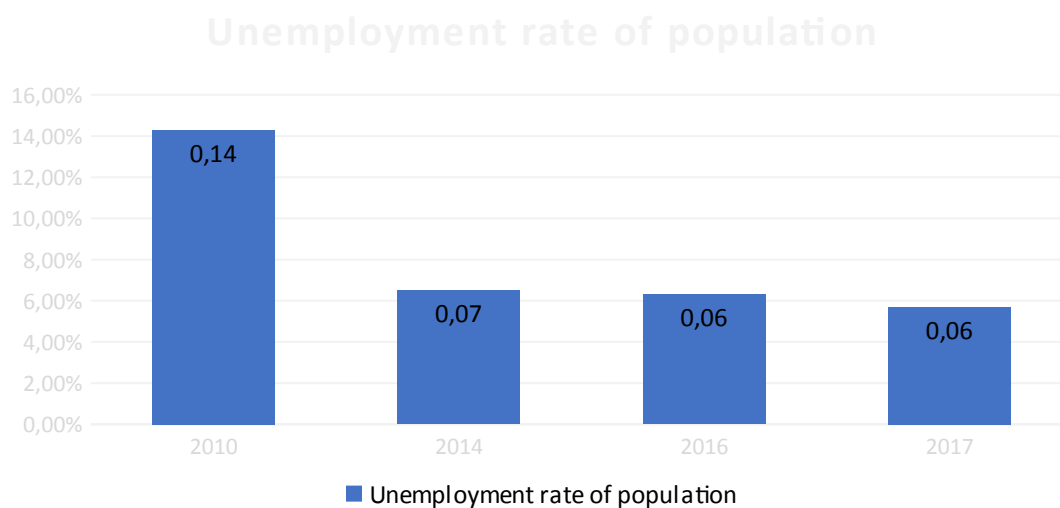
The Human Development Index is a statistic index that includes life expectancy, education and per-capita income's indicators, which are used to indicate human development.

In this case, for what it concerns Estonia, from 2010 to 2014 we can encounter that the growth has been very strong for the country, with a rate of growth of 0.8-0.9.

From 2014 to 2017 we can verify that the growth started slowing down, with a lower, although constant, rate of growth.



WORK

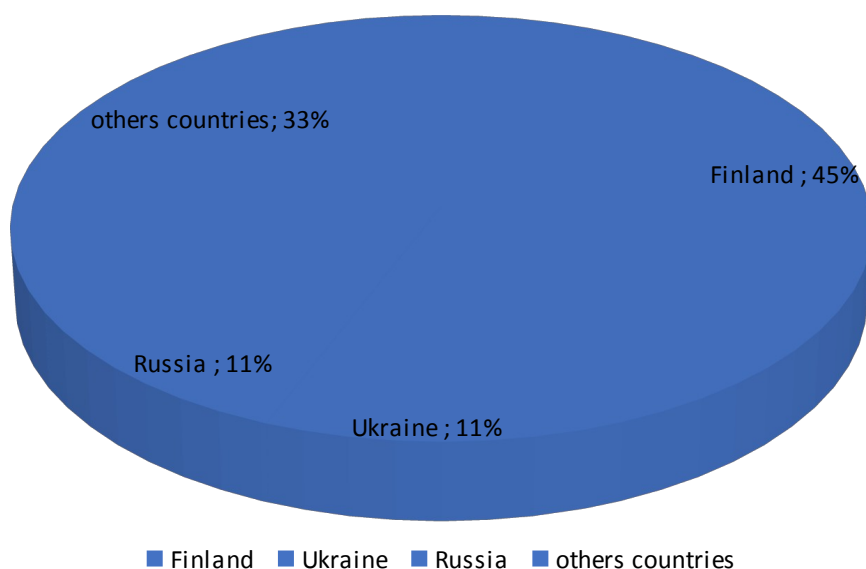


The graphic shows all the unemployment rates of the population through years, starting with 2010. Since 2010, year of the beginning of the economic crisis that affected Europe, the total unemployment rate has decreased. It halved itself during the period between 2010 and 2014 and its decrease continued also in 2016 and 2017.



WHERE DO ALL MIGRANTS IN ESTONIA COME FROM?

Country of origin of migrants



As we can observe, the higher percentage of migrants in Estonia come from Finland, followed by Ukraine and Russia. The 33% left is represented by “other countries” all over the world, such as Belarus, Latvia, Lituana, Usa, China, India, Canada, etc.



WHERE DO ALL ESTONIAN MIGRANTS MOVE TO?

Emigration										
Years										
Countries	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total	4 658	5 294	6 214	6 321	6 740	4 637	13 003	13 792	12 358	10 476
Spain	50	50	53	53	61	33	71	105	89	138
Netherlands	25	45	28	30	53	55	60	57	64	77
Ireland	132	159	189	72	62	61	71	72	58	30
Italy	48	30	39	13	22	30	29	49	63	113
Lithuania	15	9	50	12	7	5	18	23	31	50
Latvia	25	17	27	21	24	24	17	32	37	89
Norway	64	55	117	72	91	42	42	43	93	70
France	37	47	51	30	47	25	24	33	53	127
Sweden	139	105	167	110	152	169	151	113	127	118

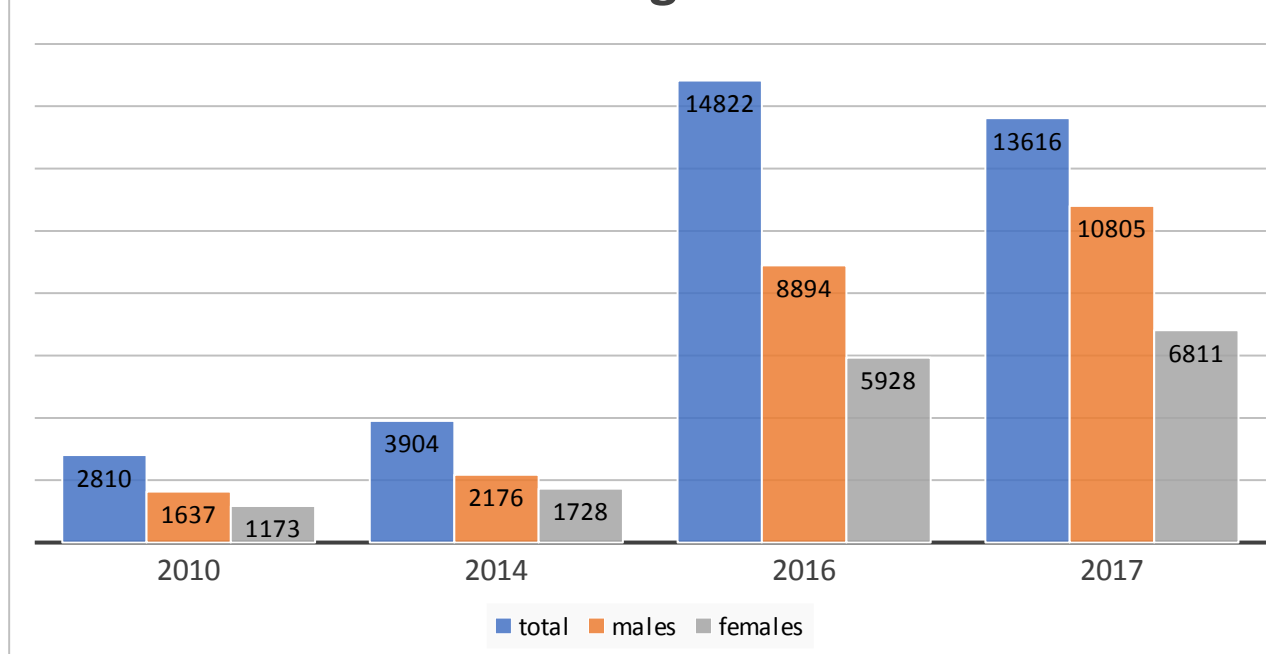


Germany	214	231	282	185	213	196	173	198	223	364
Finland	2 733	3 475	3 597	4 883	5 120	3 051	3 228	2 647	2 308	2 197
Great Britain	409	260	779	365	394	366	400	390	256	216
Ukraine	32	73	55	33	43	26	21	120	124	142
Russia	270	247	245	167	157	188	118	220	279	231
United States of America	86	135	168	40	35	38	90	70	87	84

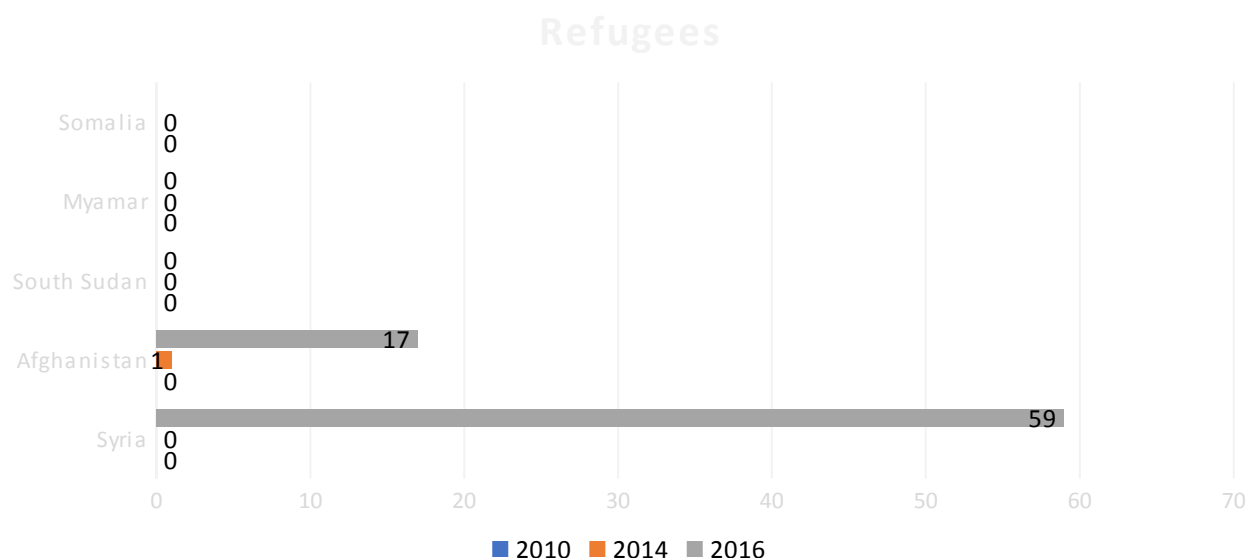
Considering this table, it's possible to encounter that the top country where Estonian people move the most to is Finland, represented with the highest rates registered among all these countries. Other countries that have medium- high rates of Estonian migrants are ,in order, Uk , Russia, Germany , Sweden and Ireland.



Number of immigrants in Estonia



For what it concerns immigrants in Estonia, it's possible to encounter a huge hike of the total number of migrants between 2010 and 2016. 2016 was registered as the second year in which immigration exceeded emigration. In this amount of immigrants, we can encounter that 60% of them are men, while 40% of them are women.



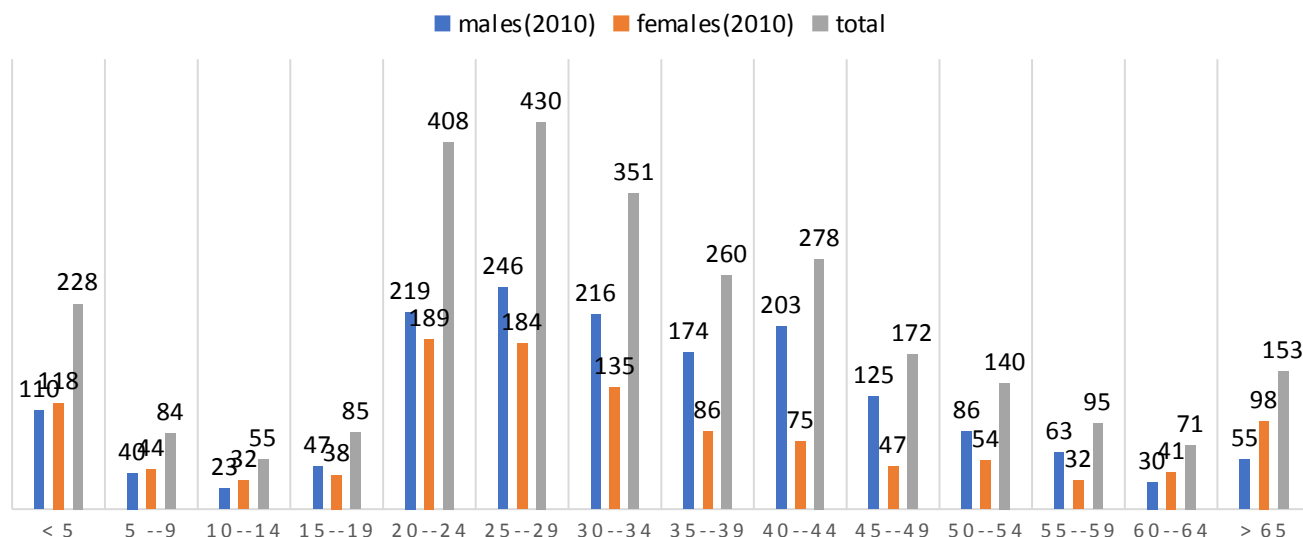
It's also important to take in account the category of refugees when we're talking about immigration. The graphic shows the amount of those who come from the top 5 countries from where people immigrate the most, in Estonia. Except for Myanmar and South Sudan, from which none of the refugees came to Estonia, all the other countries have registered, even though few, arrivals to Estonia, mostly in 2016. From Afghanistan, nobody arrived before 2014, year in which a person arrived from there and then, in 2016, 17 afghan people have entered Estonia.

Before 2016, nobody arrived from Syria, but in the mentioned year, 59 people entered the country.

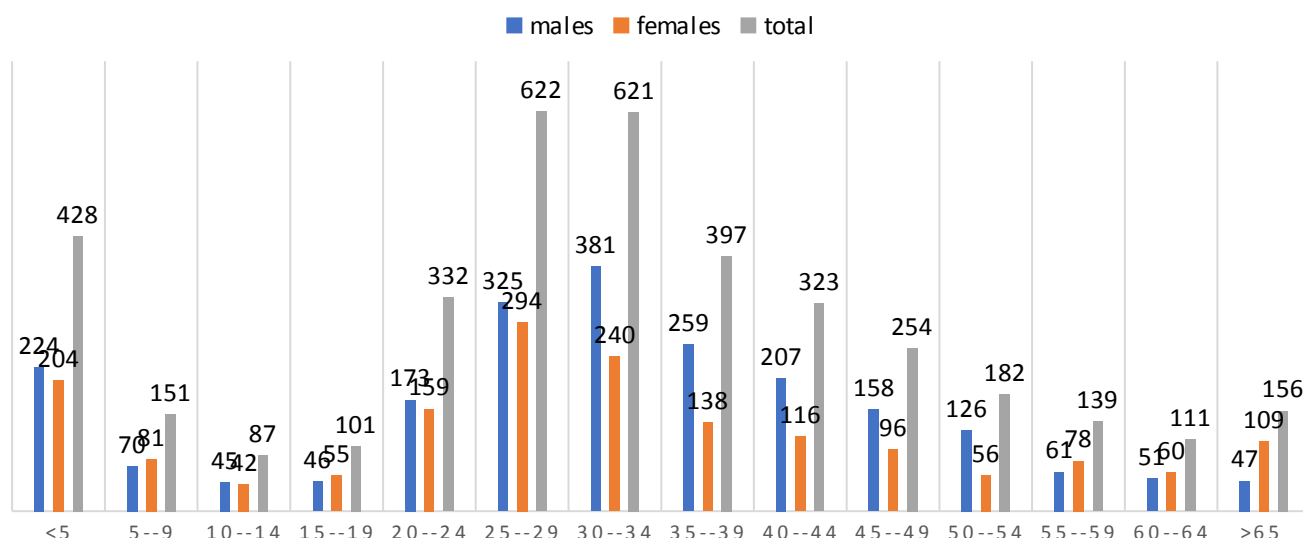
For what it concerns Somalia, only 2 people arrived in Estonia in 2016.

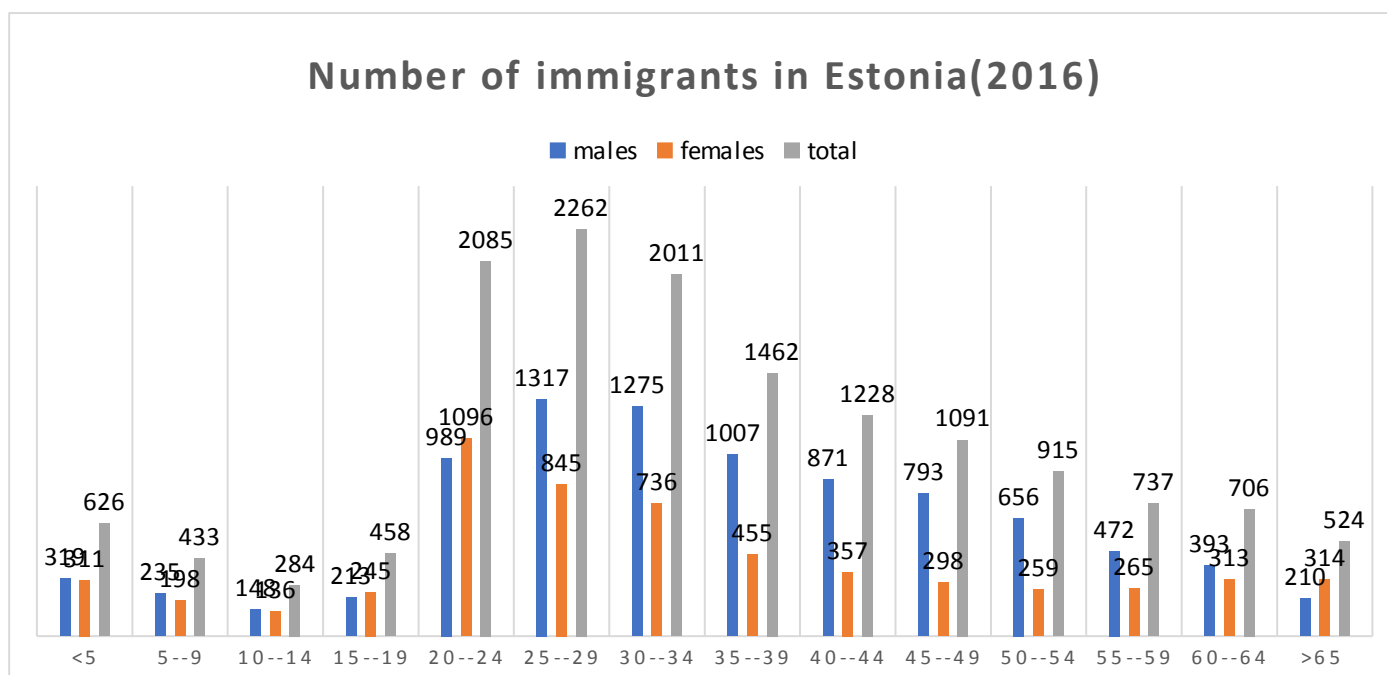


Number of immigrants in Estonia(2010)

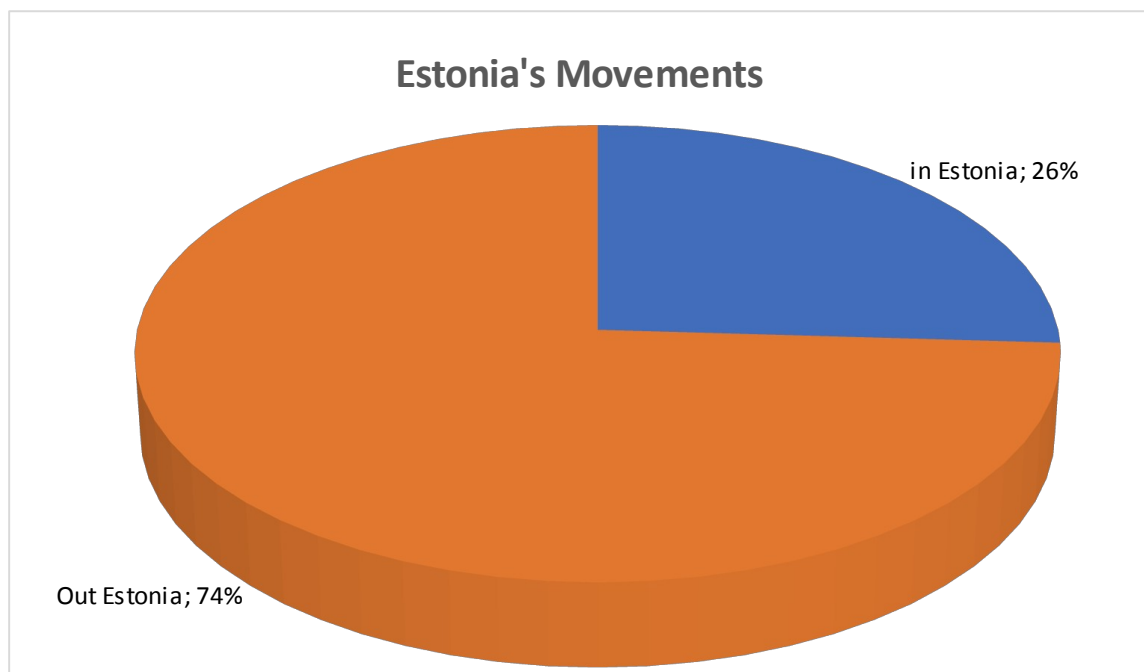


Number of immigrants in Estonia(2014)





For the age range between 20 and 59 years(the working age), males are always more compared to females. For what concerns children and old people the amounts of males and females are very similar and sometimes, especially for those who are over 65 years old, females are more than males.



EDUCATION IN ESTONIA

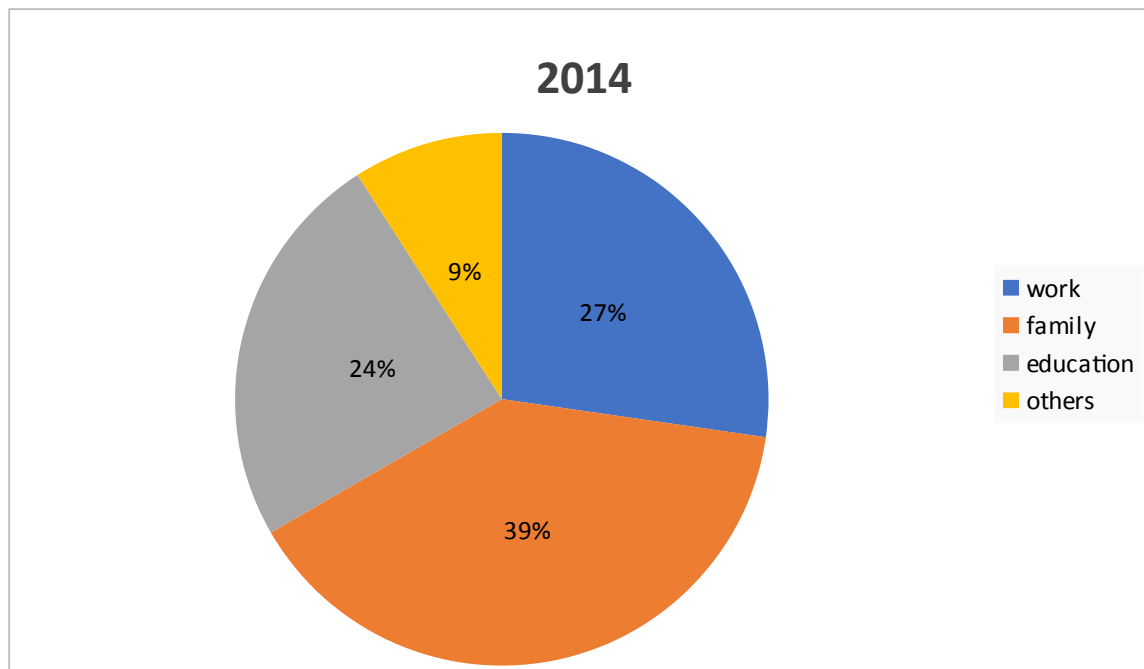
	Low	Medium	High
National	-	46.8%	42.1%
UE mobility	-	39%	54.2%
Non UE mobility	12,2%	62%	25.9%

EMPLOYMENT RATE FOR LEVEL OF EDUCATION

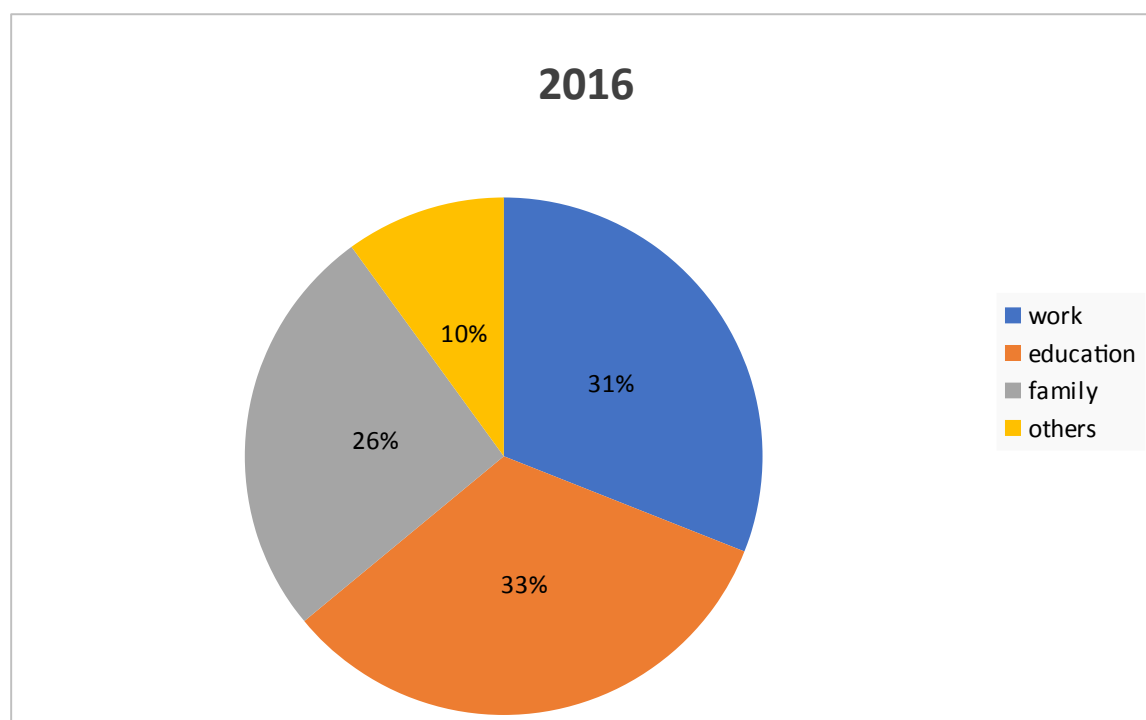
	Males	Females
LOW	56,4%	51,8%
MEDIUM	80,9%	60,4%
HIGH	81,7%	67%



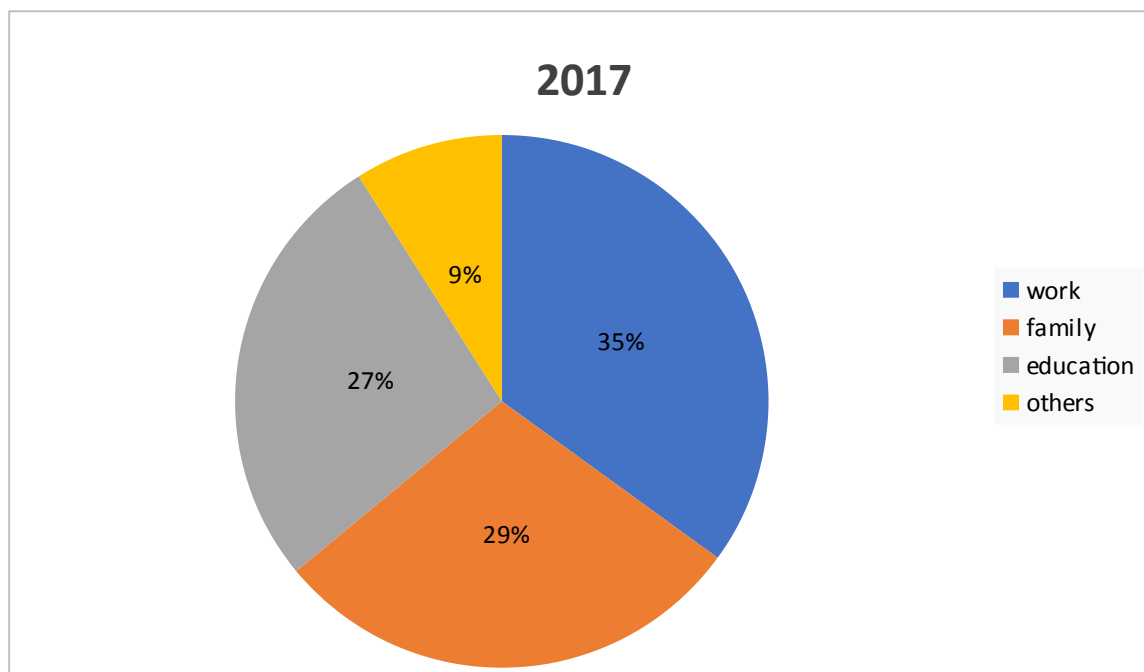
REASON FOR OBTAINING A RESIDENCE PERMITS



- ⇒ The family reason has the highest (40%)
- ⇒ The work reason represents the 27%
- ⇒ The educational reason amounts to 24%
- ⇒ Others 9%



- ⇒ The education reason has the highest (33%)
- ⇒ The work reason represents the 31%
- ⇒ The family reunification reason amounts to 26%
- ⇒ Others 10%



- ⇒ The work reasons has the highest (35%)
- ⇒ The family reunification reason represents the 29%
- ⇒ The education reason amounts to 27%
- ⇒ Others 9%

2010-2014-2017

- Education: small growth;
- family: constant decrease;
- Work: constant increase;
- Others: small growth.



SITOGRAPHY

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