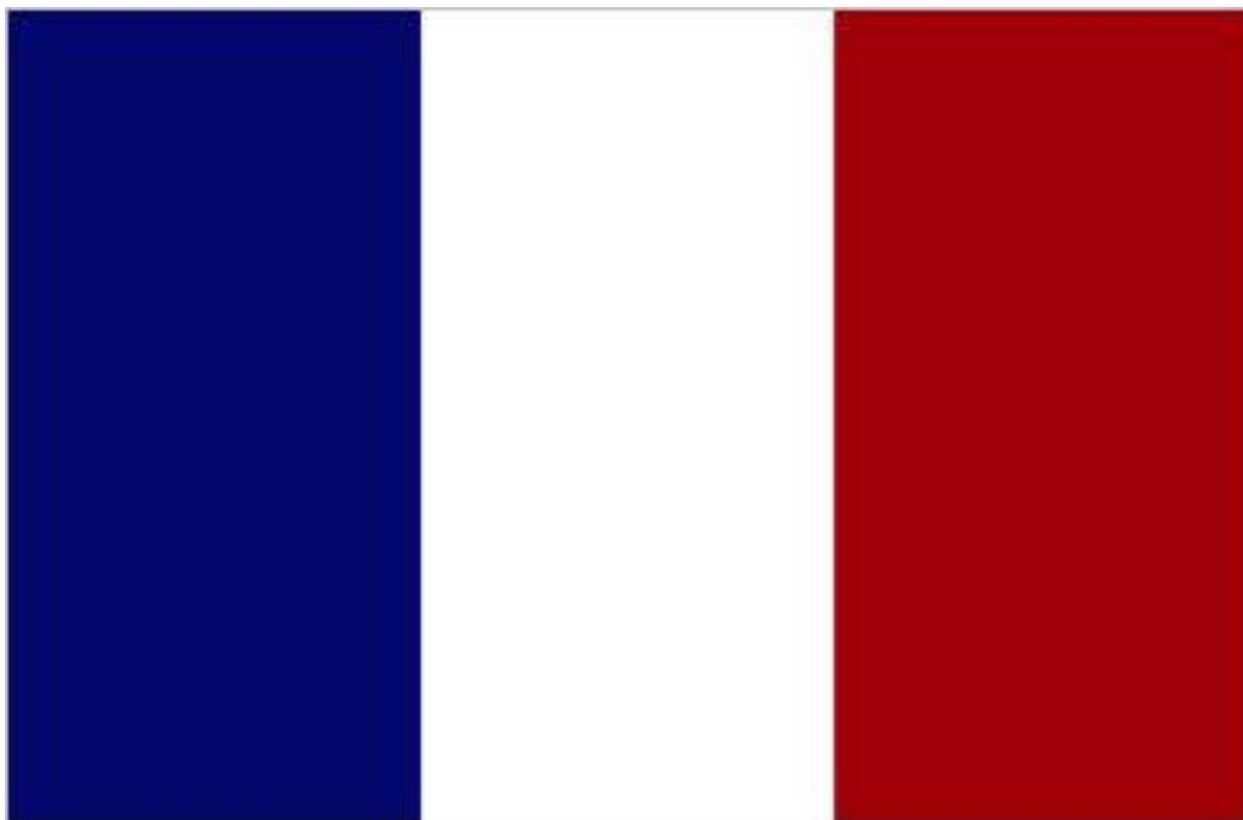




## **Migration in France**



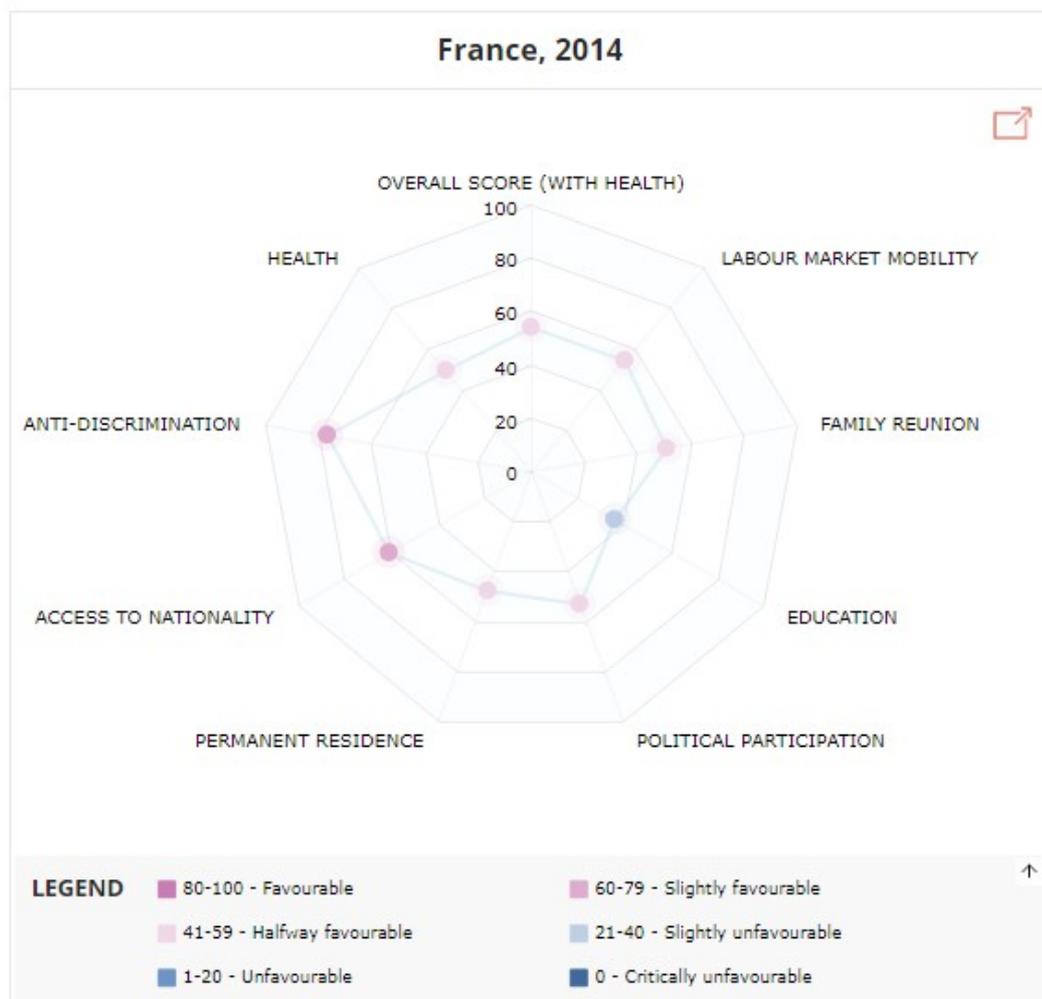
**Bongrain Arthur**  
**Cattane Giulia**  
**Richard Serena**  
**Russo Cristina**  
**Silvani Jessica**  
**Treves Ariela**

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# 1. INTRODUCTION

- France is one of Europe's oldest countries of immigration, with around 1/4 with immigrant background (large 2nd generation and average-sized foreign-born population)
- 2/3 of foreign-born from outside EU and 90% of these from low-or-medium-developed countries
- Non-EU-born are mostly low (40%) or medium (31%) educated, though 5% increase in share of university-educated in recent years
- 2012 presidential and legislative elections see socialist and left-wing government replace right-wing parties, though increasing share of votes for far-right populist National Front party
- Sizeable minority of public hold anti-immigrant attitudes in FR as in the average European country



Source : Mipex

Link : <http://www.mipex.eu/france>

## 2. STOCK AND FLOWS

### 2.1 Components of the evolution of the population and the migratory flows

In thousands

Year	Population on 1st of January	Evolution of population during the year	Rate of natural increase	Estimated migratory balance	Inputs
2006	63.186	+ 415	+ 302	+ 112	301
2007	63.601	+ 361	+ 287	+ 74	294
2008	63.962	+ 343	+286	+ 57	297
2009	64.305	+ 308	+ 276	+ 32	297
2010	64.613	+ 320	+ 282	+ 39	307
2011	64.933	+ 308	+ 278	+ 30	320
2012	65.241	+ 324	+ 251	+ 72	327
2013	65.565	+ 342	+ 242	+ 100	338
<b>2014</b>					
<b>c.Mayotte</b>	66.127	+ 327 (t)	+ 259	+ 67 (t)	340
<b>2015</b>					
<b>c.Mayotte</b>	66.454 (t)	+ 272 (t)	+ 205	+ 67 (t)	364
<b>2016</b>					
<b>c.Mayotte</b>	66.726 (t)	+ 265 (t)	+ 198 (t)	+ 67 (t)	...

(t): temporary results

... : data not available

Field: France except (off) Mayotte until 2013 and including Mayotte from 2014.

Source: INSEE

Link : <https://www.insee.fr/fr/statistiques/2593515#tableau-Figure1>

From these data it emerges that the total stock of immigrants increase during the years going from 2011 to 2016. However, it has to be taken into account that from 2014 also Mayotte immigrant population is counted in the data.

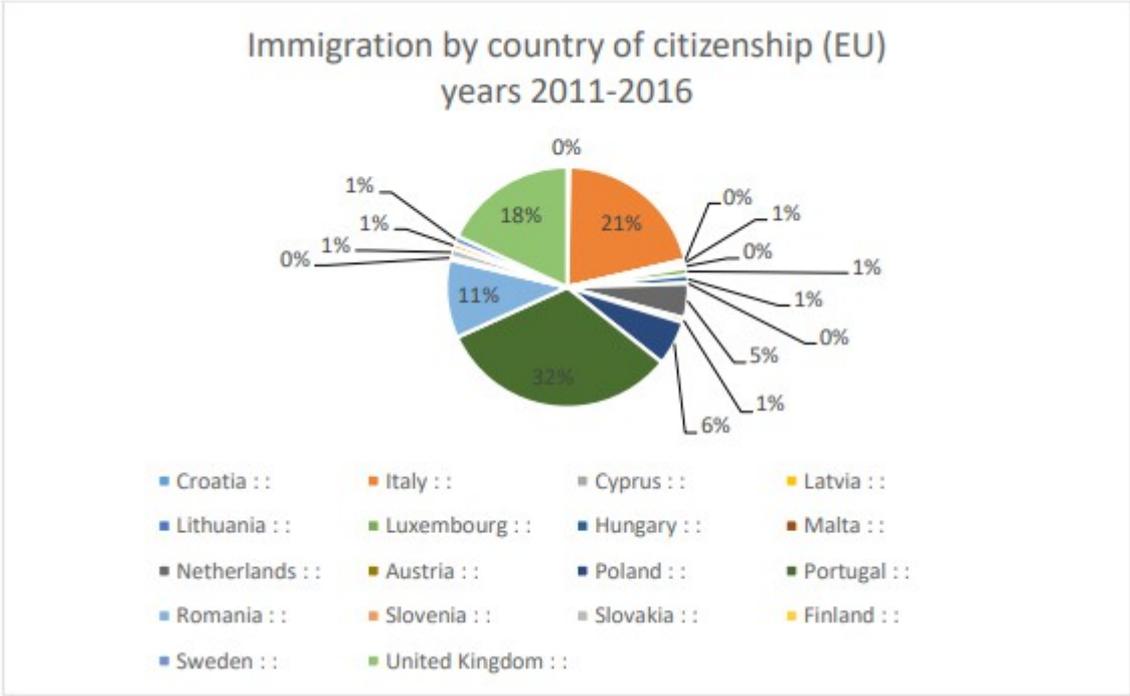
**Entered by category of population**

*In thousands*

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total of entries	301	294	297	297	307	320	327	338	340	364
Entries of immigrants	193	192	195	195	211	217	230	236	234	253
Entries of non-French	78	78	78	78	78	81	77	81	84	89
Entries of non-French born abroad	30	23	23	24	19	22	21	20	22	21

Source Insee

Link: <https://www.insee.fr/fr/statistiques/2593515#tableau-Figure3>



Source: Eurostat  
 Last update 09.04.18  
 Extracted on 24.04.18

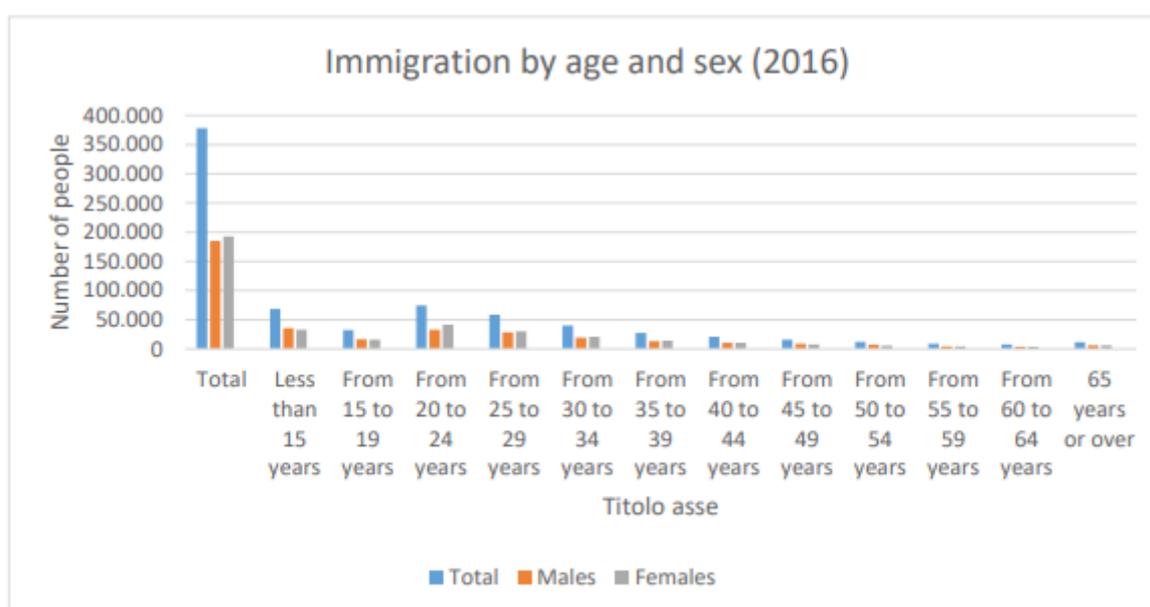
## 2.2 Immigration and emigration by age and sex

### Immigration by sex

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Female	153.747	154.111	155.641	307.111	166.794	171.890	176.890	177.841	187.004	192.904
Male	140.233	143.497	141.329	160.430	153.022	161.862	161.862	162.542	177.217	185.211
Total	293.980	296.608	296.970	466.681	319.816	338.752	338.752	340.383	364.221	378.115

Source: Eurostat [migr\_imm8]

Last Update : 16-03-2018



Source: Eurostat

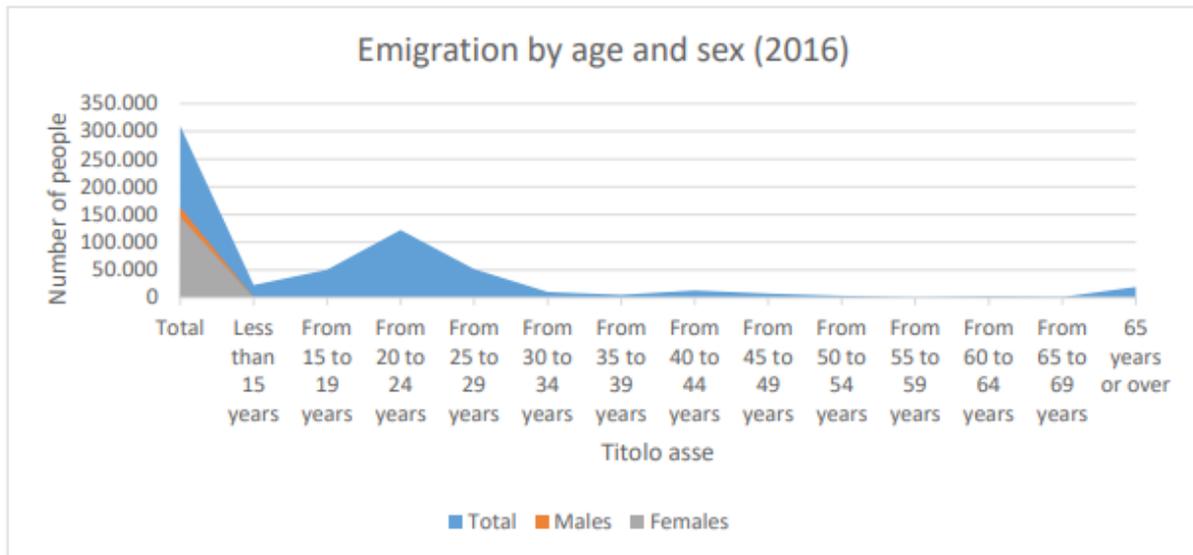
These data show that the majority of immigrants arriving in France in 2016 are between the age of 20 and 24. And particularly for this age range the majority of them are female.

### Emigration by sex

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Female	111,246	118.993	134.815	139.157	142.513	133.909	113.530	140.675	140.308	146.312
Male	109.108	120.803	129.816	130,374	149.081	122.013	126.283	168.100	155.603	163.493
Total	220.354	239.796	264.631	269.531	291.594	255.922	239.813	308.775	295.911	309.805

Source: Eurostat [migr\_emi2]

Last update: 23-03-2018



As it emerged also from the immigration statistics , the age in which french citizens are more likely to emigrate is from 20 to 24.

### 3. CHANNEL OF ENTRANCE: WHY PEOPLE MIGRATE

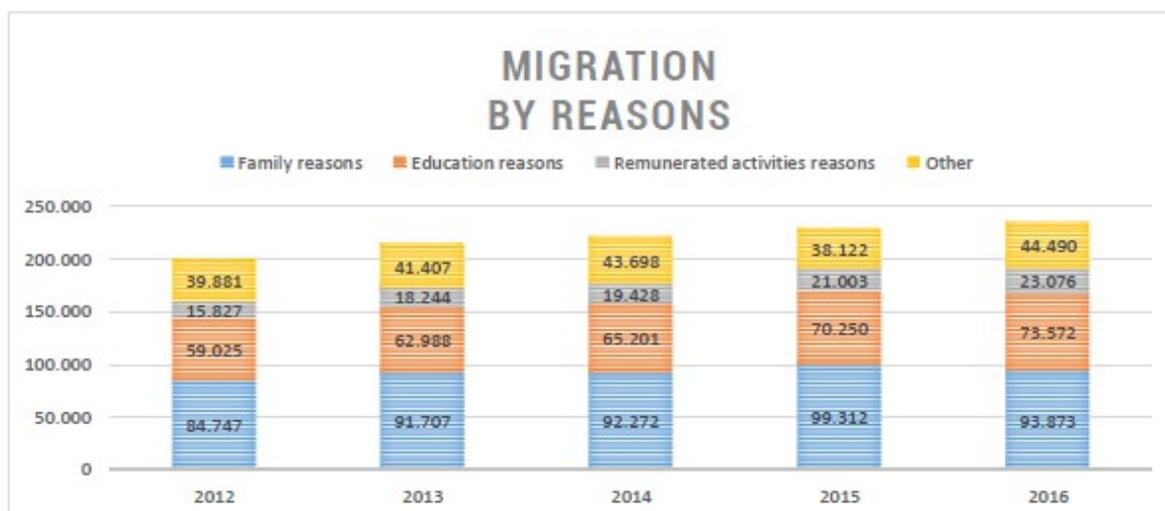
Table 1: Channel of entrance from 2012 to 2016

REASON/TIME	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
<b>Family reasons</b>	84.747	91.707	92.272	99.312	93.873
<b>Education reasons</b>	59.025	62.988	65.201	70.250	73.572
<b>Remunerated activities reasons</b>	15.827	18.244	19.428	21.003	23.076
<b>Other</b>	39.881	41.407	43.698	38.122	44.490
<b>Total</b>	199.480	214.346	220.599	228.687	235.011

Source: Eurostat, [migr\_resfas]

Last update: 12/10/07

Date of Download : 19/04/18



The data show that for all the period analyzed (2012-2016) family reunification is the main reason to migrate in France. The second one is education followed by other reasons and remunerated activities reasons. Indeed, in 2016 the 40% of migrants went to France for family reunion; the 31% for education reasons, the 19% for other reasons and the 10% for remunerated reasons.

### 3.1 Main sending countries

Table 2: Main sending countries and channel of entrance in 2016

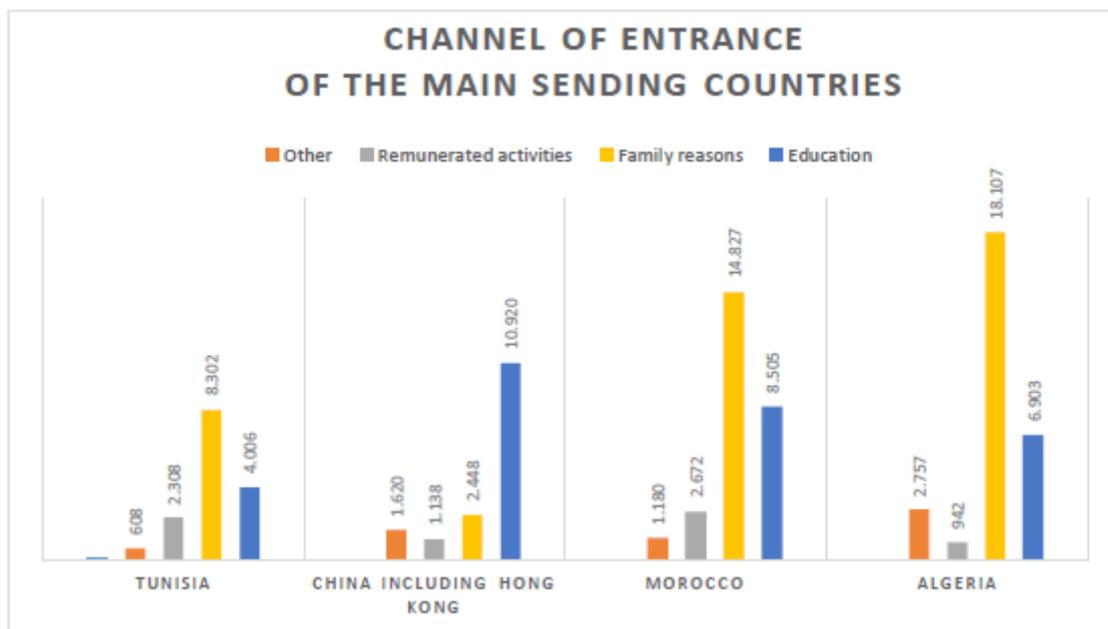
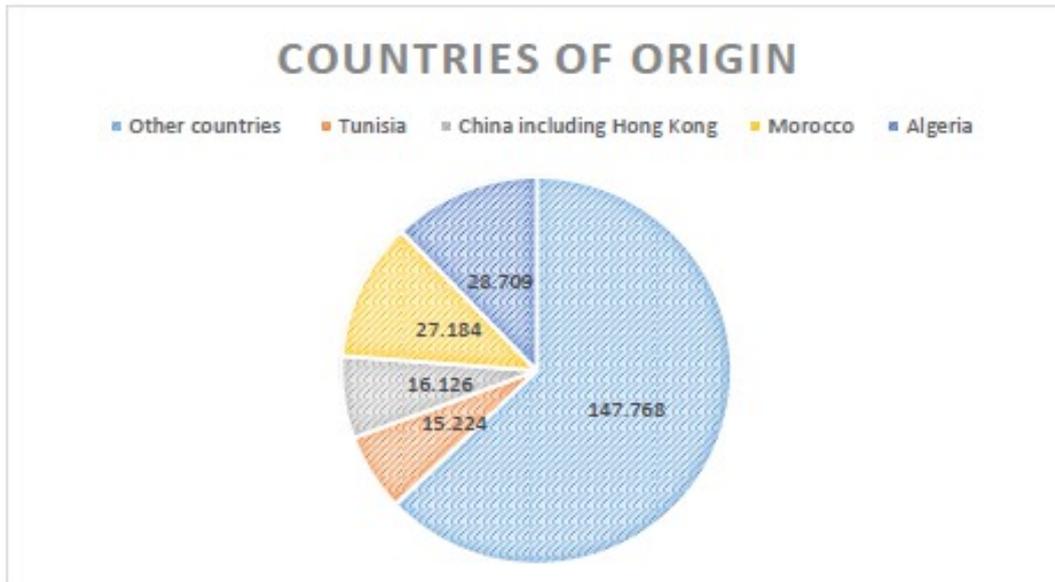
	Other	Remunerated activities	Family reasons	Education	Total
<b>Algeria</b>	2.757	942	18.107	6.903	28.709
<b>Morocco</b>	1.180	2.672	14.827	8.505	27.184
<b>China (including Hong Kong)</b>	1.620	1.138	2.448	10.920	16.126
<b>Tunisia</b>	608	2.308	8.302	4.006	15.224

Source: Eurostat, [migr\_resfas]

Last update: 12/10/17

Date of Download : 19/04/18

Data reveal that the highest number of first-permits applicants in 2016 came from Algeria, which is the most important sending country, followed by Morocco, China and Tunisia. It is really interesting that three of these countries were French colonies, as Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia built the so called French North Africa. Even if it is not an official language, French is largely spoken in these countries, and this constitutes a feature that facilitates migration toward France.



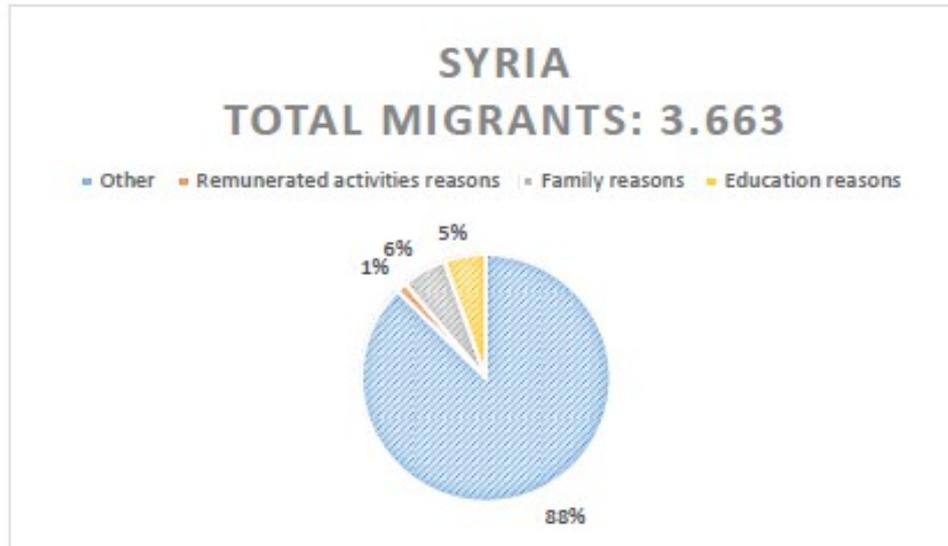
In addition to being the first sending country in general, in 2016 Algeria was the first sending country through the family reunion channel, with 18.107 migrants, followed by Morocco (14.827), Tunisia (8.302) and Comoros (3.329). (Table 3.1).

As education channel is concerned, China was the first sending country, with 10.920 migrant, followed by Morocco (8.505), Algeria (6.903) and Tunisia (4.006). (Table 3.2)

For what regards remunerative reasons, Morocco stands as the first sending country (2.672 migrants), followed by Tunisia (2.308), United States (2.241) and India (1.478). (Table 3.3)

In the end, as far as the label “other reasons” is concerned, Syria lays at the top of the rank, with 3.203 migrants on a total amount of 3.663 (see graphic 3.5), followed by Algeria (2.757), Democratic Republic of Congo (2.374) and Russia (2.018). (Table 3.4).

Graphic 3.5: First-permits applicants from Syria



### 3.2 Asylum Seekers

French asylum law is mostly based on international and European law, but is largely codified in the Code de l'entrée et du séjour des étrangers et du droit d'asile. According to French law, the asylum seeker after a legal procedure, has to send his/her application form to the Office français de protection des réfugiés et apatrides (OFPRA, French Office for the Protection of Refugees and Stateless Persons), which determines who is eligible for refugee status or subsidiary protection. The tables below, show the asylum applications during the period 2012-2017, the requests accepted by the OFPRA and the rejected ones.

Table 3.5

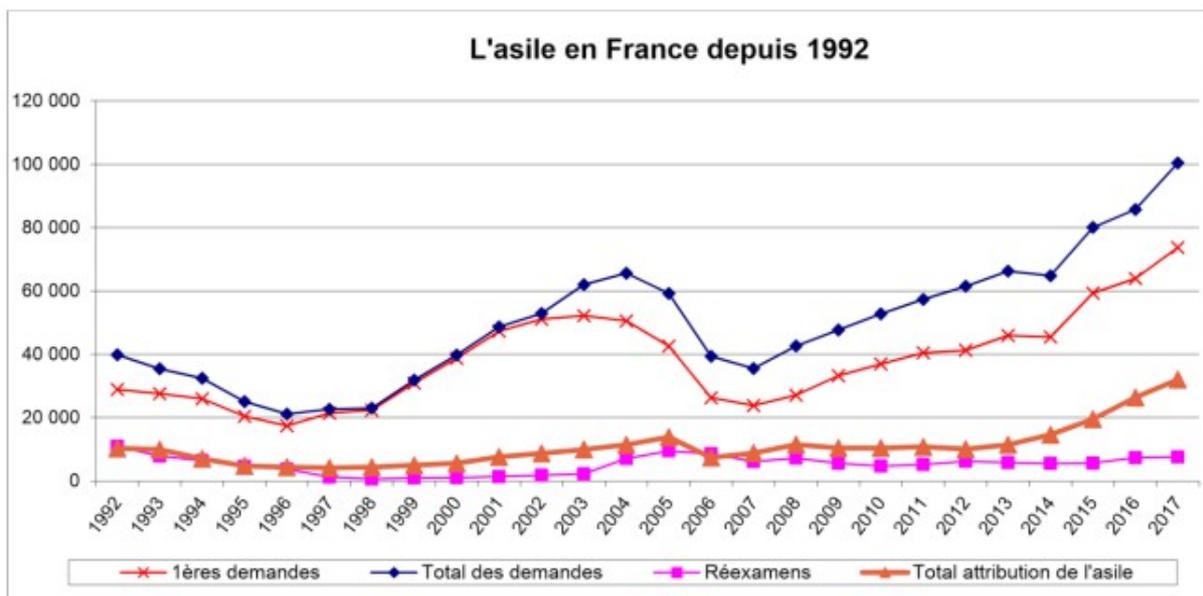
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016/2017
First application	41254	45925	45454	59995	63935	73689	+15,3 %
Application of under-aged	14001	14536	13859	15133	14436	19141	+32,6 %
<b>Total amount of first application</b>	<b>55255</b>	<b>60461</b>	<b>59313</b>	<b>74468</b>	<b>78371</b>	<b>92830</b>	<b>+18,4 %</b>
Re-examination	6213	5790	5498	5607	7355	7582	+3,5 %
<b>Total applications</b>	<b>61468</b>	<b>66251</b>	<b>64811</b>	<b>80075</b>	<b>85726</b>	<b>100412</b>	<b>+17,1 %</b>
OFPRA's decision	46267	46987	52053	62057	70319	89307	+27,0%
Give the assignment of asylum	4348	5978	8763	14119	19982	24005	+20,1%

Give subsidiary protection	1185	1106	1940	2822	7661	10985	+43,4 %
Petition to CNDA	36362	34752	37356	38674	39986	53581	+34,0 %
CNDA's decisions	37350	38540	39162	35979	42968	47814	+11,3 %
Annulment (B)	5680	5450	5826	5387	6517	8006	+22,8 %
Give subsidiary protection	1390	1179	1581	1554	2006	2607	+30,0 %
<b>Total asylum assignments (A)+(B)</b>	<b>10028</b>	<b>11428</b>	<b>14589</b>	<b>19506</b>	<b>26499</b>	<b>32011</b>	<b>+20,8 %</b>
<b>Give subsidiary protection</b>	<b>2575</b>	<b>2285</b>	<b>3521</b>	<b>4376</b>	<b>9667</b>	<b>13592</b>	<b>+40,6 %</b>

Sources : OFPRA ; CNDA

Link : <https://www.immigration.interieur.gouv.fr/>

Table 3.6



Sources : OFPRA ; CNDA

Link: <https://www.immigration.interieur.gouv.fr/>

Data shows that for examples in 2016, on a total amount of 85'726 applications, only 26'499 applicants gained the asylum status. The general trend is explained by the table 3.6

## 4. INTEGRATION BY LABOUR

According to the French National Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies (INSEE), an immigrant is a foreign person born abroad. For the labour force, it concerns only persons who are minimum 15 years old. National data refer to France metropolitan area and the five overseas departments (French Guiana in South America, Guadeloupe and Martinique in the Caribbean, and Réunion in the Indian Ocean – Mayotte not included). Eurostat uses INSEE statistics in this topic (integration by labour).

### 4.1. Generic data

#### 4.1.1. French labour force (in thousands)

<b>Activity</b>	<b>Women</b>	<b>Men</b>	<b>Aggregate</b>
<b>Aggregate</b>	14 224	15 332	29 556
<b>Non immigrants</b>	12 872	13 742	26 614
<b>Immigrates</b>	1 352	1 590	2 942
<i>Including immigrant UE</i>	424	395	819
- <i>Including foreigners UE</i>	339	353	692
<i>Including immigrant non UE</i>	928	1 195	2 123
- <i>Including foreigners except UE</i>	475	690	1 165

Around one active person is an immigrant. Migrant labour force is composed by 2 941 800 persons.

Source : Insee

Link: <https://www.immigration.interieur.gouv.fr/Info-ressources/Etudes-et-statistiques/Statistiques/Data-migration/Emploi-2016>

Last update : 22.06.2017

Reference time: 2016

#### 4.1.2. Unemployment (in percentage)

<b>Unemployment</b>	<b>Women</b>	<b>Men</b>	<b>Aggregate</b>
<b>Aggregate</b>	9,9	10,2	10,1
<b>Non immigrants</b>	9,0	9,4	9,2
<b>Immigrates</b>	17,7	17,2	17,5
<i>Including immigrant UE</i>	10,2	9,7	10,0
2. <i>Including foreigners UE</i>	10,8	11,3	11,1
<i>Including immigrant non UE</i>	21,2	19,7	20,3
3. <i>Including foreigners except UE</i>	27,3	23,5	25,1

The unemployment rate is the ratio between the unemployed population and the active population.

Source : Insee

Link : <https://www.immigration.interieur.gouv.fr/Info-ressources/Etudes-et-statistiques/Statistiques/Data-migration/Emploi-2016>

Last update : 22.06.2017

Reference time: 2016

#### 4.1.3. Employment (in percentage)

<b>Employment</b>	<b>Women</b>	<b>Men</b>	<b>Aggregate</b>
<b>Aggregate</b>	46,5	54,4	50,3
<b>Non immigrants</b>	47,4	54,7	50,9
<b>Immigrates</b>	38,9	52,0	45,0
<i>Including immigrant UE</i>	42,9	47,6	45,0
2. <i>Including foreigners UE</i>	48,9	52,9	50,8
<i>Including immigrant non UE</i>	37,1	53,9	45,1
3. <i>Including foreigners except UE</i>	29,2	49,4	38,8

The employment rate is the ratio between the employed population and the population of working age.

Source : Insee

Link : <https://www.immigration.interieur.gouv.fr/Info-ressources/Etudes-et-statistiques/Statistiques/Data-migration/Emploi-2016>

Last update : 22.06.2017

Reference time: 2016

## 4.2. Specific Data

### 4.2.1. Labour force beyond age and sex (immigrants, natives and aggregate)

		Labour force (immigrants) (in thousands)	Activity rate of immigrants (in %)	Labour force (natives) (in thousands)	Activity rate (natives) (in %)	Aggregate labour force (in thousands)	Aggregate activity rate (in %)
<b>From 15 to 29 years</b>	Women	168,3	40,3	2 663,6	50,7	2 831,9	49,9
	Men	206,8	58,3	3 012,6	56,8	3 219,3	56,8
	<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>375,1</b>	<b>48,6</b>	<b>5 676,1</b>	<b>53,7</b>	<b>6 051,2</b>	<b>53,4</b>
<b>From 30 to 39 years</b>	Women	376,1	59,2	2 993,2	85,3	3 369,2	81,3
	Men	451,1	90,1	3 254,2	94,2	3 705,2	93,7
	<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>827,1</b>	<b>72,8</b>	<b>6 247,3</b>	<b>89,7</b>	<b>7 074,5</b>	<b>87,4</b>
<b>From 40 to 49 years</b>	Women	379,3	68,4	3 429,1	88,0	3 808,4	85,6
	Men	455,5	89,8	3 586,4	93,8	4 041,9	93,3
	<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>834,8</b>	<b>78,6</b>	<b>7 015,4</b>	<b>90,9</b>	<b>7 850,2</b>	<b>89,4</b>
<b>From 50 to 59 years</b>	Women	338,2	65,2	3 096,2	78,6	3 434,4	77,0
	Men	373,4	80,9	3 208,7	85,4	3 582,1	84,9
	<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>711,6</b>	<b>72,5</b>	<b>6 304,9</b>	<b>81,9</b>	<b>7 016,4</b>	<b>80,9</b>
<b>From 60 years</b>	Women	89,8	12,2	690,4	8,5	780,3	8,8
	Men	103,4	14,7	680,2	10,6	783,6	11,0
	<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>193,3</b>	<b>13,4</b>	<b>1 370,6</b>	<b>9,5</b>	<b>1 563,9</b>	<b>9,8</b>
<b>Aggregate</b>	Women	1 351,7	47,3	12 872,5	52,1	14 224,1	51,6
	Men	1 590,2	62,9	13 742,0	60,4	15 332,1	60,6
	<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>2 941,8</b>	<b>54,6</b>	<b>26 614,4</b>	<b>56,1</b>	<b>29 556,2</b>	<b>55,9</b>

Source : Insee

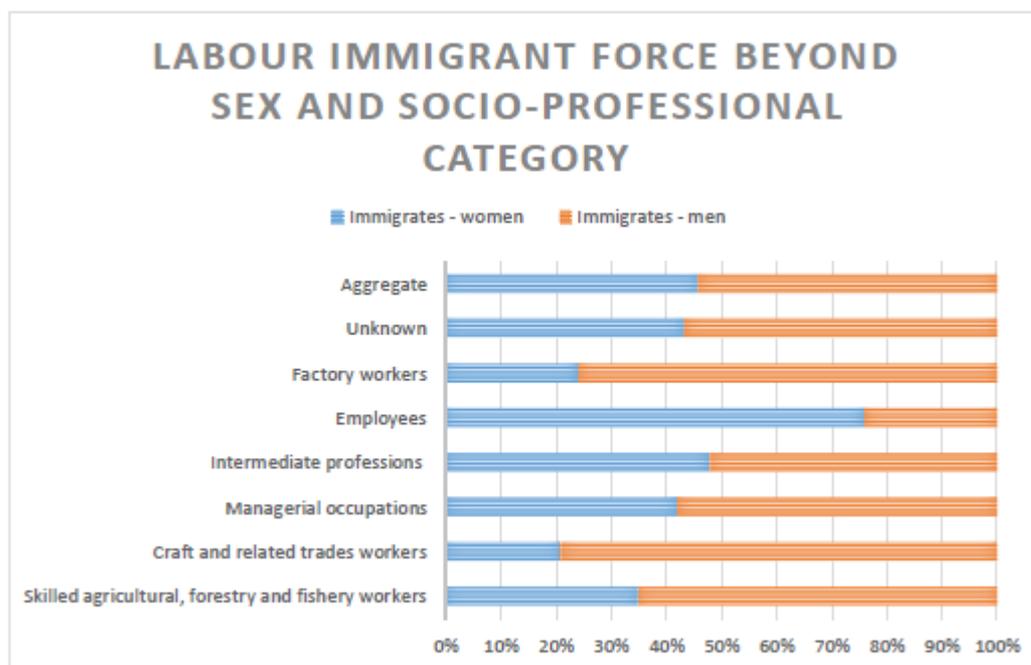
Link: <https://www.immigration.interieur.gouv.fr/Info-ressources/Etudes-et-statistiques/Statistiques/Data-migration/Emploi-2016>

Last update : 22.06.2017

Reference time: 2016

4.2.2. Labour force employed beyond sex and socio-professional category (immigrants, natives and aggregate).

	Immigrates - aggregate (in thousands)	Immigrates - women (in thousands)	Immigrates - men (in thousands)	Natives - aggregate (in thousands)	Natives - women (in thousands)	Natives - men (in thousands)	Aggregate (immigrants and native) (in thousands)
Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers	14,6	5,1	9,5	466,9	124,8	342,1	481,5
Craft and related trades workers	227,4	47,7	179,7	1 514,5	462,0	1 052,5	1 741,9
Managerial occupations	370,7	155,6	215,2	4 354,2	1 756,1	2 598,2	4 725,0
Intermediate professions	365,1	175,0	190,1	6 488,3	3 435,1	3 053,2	6 853,4
Employees	722,4	549,0	173,4	6 551,5	4 995,2	1 556,3	7 273,9
Factory workers	707,6	170,5	537,1	4 693,5	892,9	3 800,6	5 401,1
Unknown	20,5	8,8	11,6	86,7	44,7	42,0	107,1
<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>2 428,2</b>	<b>1 111,8</b>	<b>1 316,5</b>	<b>24 155,6</b>	<b>11 710,8</b>	<b>12 444,8</b>	<b>26 583,8</b>



Source : Insee

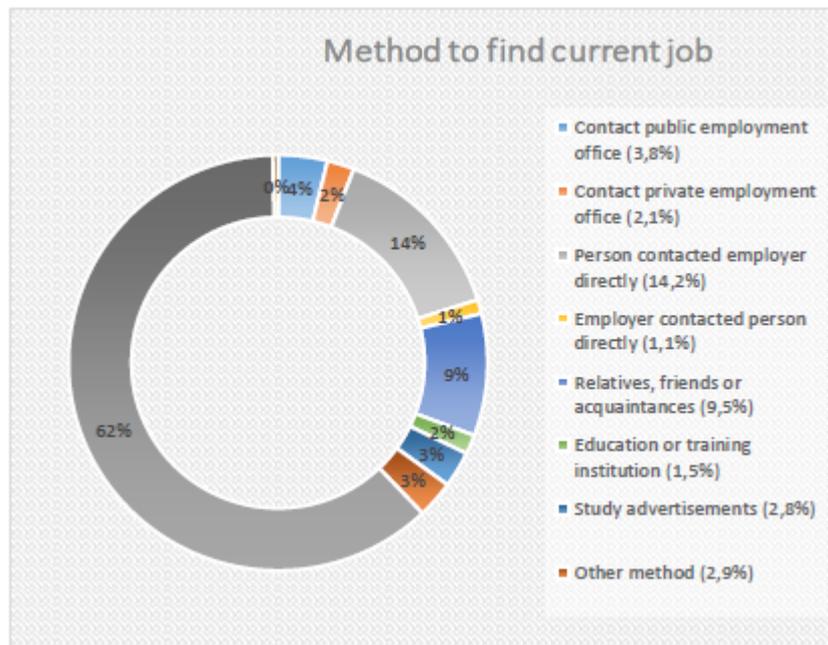
Link: <https://www.immigration.interieur.gouv.fr/Info-ressources/Etudes-et-statistiques/Statistiques/Data-migration/Emploi-2016>

Last update : 22.06.2017

Reference time: 2016

#### 4.2.3. Methods to find current job (in percentage)

Method	Percentage
Contact public employment office	3,8
Contact private employment office	2,1
Person contacted employer directly	14,2
Employer contacted person directly	1,1
Relatives, friends or acquaintances	9,5
Education or training institution	1,5
Study advertisements	2,8
Other method	2,9
Not Applicable	61,7
No Response	0,4
Aggregate	<b>100</b>



Source of data: Eurostat [lfso\_14leecm]

Link: [http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=lfso\\_14leecm&lang=en](http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=lfso_14leecm&lang=en)

Last Update: 31.01.17

Reference time: 2014

#### 4.2.4. Obstacles to getting a suitable job (in percentage)

	Foreign Born (First generation of Immigrants)	Native and foreign born immigrants (first and second generation of immigrants)
Lack of language skills	16,0	9,0
Lack of Recognition of qualifications	15,4	9,0
Origins, religion or social background	6,6	6,3
No barrier	46,3	56,9
Other barriers	13,9	17,5
No Response	Not available	Not available
Aggregate	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>

Source of data: Eurostat [lfso\_14ociti]

Link: [http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=lfso\\_14ociti&lang=en](http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=lfso_14ociti&lang=en)

Last Update: 06.04.16

Reference time: 2014

#### 4.2.5. Employed persons by degree obtained (in thousands)

		Graduate degree	Bachelor + 2 years	Bachelor or professional certificate	Professional certificate of aptitude	General certificate of secondary education	No degree	Undeclared
Immigrants	Women	313,4	114,7	173,7	157,1	49,1	296,3	7,4
	Men	321,1	115,5	205,4	228,6	62,4	375,0	8,6
	<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>634,5</b>	<b>230,2</b>	<b>379,1</b>	<b>385,7</b>	<b>111,5</b>	<b>671,3</b>	<b>16,0</b>
Natives	Women	2 894,7	2 229,0	2 464,9	2 562,8	567,3	963,0	29,1
	Men	2 681,0	1 848,9	2 512,0	3 521,5	597,4	1 248,6	35,3
	<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>5 575,7</b>	<b>4 077,9</b>	<b>4 976,9</b>	<b>6 084,4</b>	<b>1 164,6</b>	<b>2 211,6</b>	<b>64,4</b>
Aggregate	Women	3 208,1	2 343,7	2 638,6	2 720,0	616,4	1 259,3	36,5
	Men	3 002,1	1 964,4	2 717,4	3 750,1	659,7	1 623,6	43,9
	<b>Aggregate</b>	<b>6 210,2</b>	<b>4 308,1</b>	<b>5 356,0</b>	<b>6 470,1</b>	<b>1 276,1</b>	<b>2 882,9</b>	<b>80,4</b>

Source : Insee

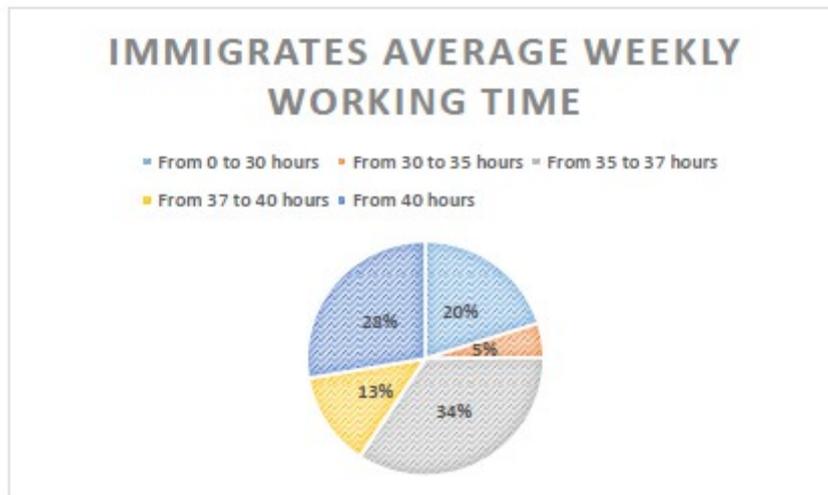
Link: <https://www.immigration.interieur.gouv.fr/Info-ressources/Etudes-et-statistiques/Statistiques/Data-migration/Emploi-2016>

Last update : 22.06.2017

Reference time: 2016

#### 4.2.6. Average weekly working time

	From 0 to 30 hours		From 30 to 35 hours		From 35 to 37 hours		From 37 to 40 hours		From 40 hours	
	(in thousands)	(in %)	(in thousands)	(in %)	(in thousands)	(in %)	(in thousands)	(in %)	(in thousands)	(in %)
<b>Immigrates</b>	477,6	19,7	112,4	4,6	819,2	33,7	309,4	12,7	656,9	27,1
<b>Natives</b>	3 253,2	13,5	1 294,9	5,4	7 204,9	29,8	4 093,4	16,9	7 928,4	32,8
<b>Aggregate</b>	3 730,8	14,0	1 407,3	5,3	8 024,1	30,2	4 402,8	16,6	8 585,3	32,3



Source : Insee

Link: <https://www.immigration.interieur.gouv.fr/Info-ressources/Etudes-et-statistiques/Statistiques/Data-migration/Emploi-2016>

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Reference time: 2016